# Avoiding rational distances 

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## Komjáth's question

Let $X \subseteq \mathbb{R}^{n}$. Must there exist a subset $Y$ of $X$ such that $X$ and $Y$ have same Lebesgue outer measure and the distance between any two points of $Y$ is irrational?

## Some remarks

- If $X$ is Borel, such a $Y$ can always be found - List all positive measure compact subsets of $X$ and inductively choose a point from each one of them which is not at a rational distance from the previously chosen points.


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- We showed that when $n=1$ the answer is yes.
- We don't know the answer in higher dimensions.


## Sometimes ZFC is not enough

- In the Cohen model for $\neg \mathrm{CH}$, there is a null set $N \subseteq \mathbb{R}^{+}$such that for every non null set of reals $X$ there are $x, y \in X$ such that $|x-y| \in N$.


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- Shelah has obtained similar results for measure.


## Forcing

The main tool in the proof is a result of Gitik and Shelah on forcing with sigma ideals which says the following:

Theorem
Let $\mathcal{I}$ be a sigma ideal over a set $X$. Then forcing with $\mathcal{I}$ is not isomorphic to the product of Cohen and Random forcings.

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## Corollary

Suppose $T$ is a subtree of $\omega^{<\omega}$ such that every node in $T$ has at least two children and $X \subseteq \mathbb{R}^{n}$. Suppose $\left\langle X_{\sigma}: \sigma \in T\right\rangle$ satisfies

- $X_{\langle \rangle}=X$
- For each $\sigma \in T, X_{\sigma}=\bigsqcup\left\{X_{\sigma n}: n<\omega, \sigma n \in T\right\}$ and
- $X_{\sigma}$ has full outer measure in $X$

Then there exists $Y \subseteq X$ such that $Y$ has full outer measure in $X$ and for each $\sigma \in T, X_{\sigma} \backslash Y$ has full outer measure in $X$.

## References

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