Avoiding rational distances

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Komjáth's question

Let $X \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n$. Must there exist a subset Y of X such that X and Y have same Lebesgue outer measure and the distance between any two points of Y is irrational?

If X is Borel, such a Y can always be found - List all positive measure compact subsets of X and inductively choose a point from each one of them which is not at a rational distance from the previously chosen points.

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- We showed that when n = 1 the answer is yes.
- We don't know the answer in higher dimensions.

Sometimes ZFC is not enough

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Shelah has obtained similar results for measure.

Forcing

The main tool in the proof is a result of Gitik and Shelah on forcing with sigma ideals which says the following:

Theorem

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Corollary

Suppose T is a subtree of $\omega^{<\omega}$ such that every node in T has at least two children and $X \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n$. Suppose $\langle X_{\sigma} : \sigma \in T \rangle$ satisfies

$$\blacktriangleright X_{\langle\rangle} = X$$

- For each $\sigma \in T$, $X_{\sigma} = \bigsqcup \{X_{\sigma n} : n < \omega, \sigma n \in T\}$ and
- X_σ has full outer measure in X

Then there exists $Y \subseteq X$ such that Y has full outer measure in X and for each $\sigma \in T$, $X_{\sigma} \setminus Y$ has full outer measure in X.

References

- P. Komjáth: Set theoretic constructions in Euclidean spaces, New Trends in Discrete and Computational Geometry (J. Pach, ed.), Springer, 1993, 303-325
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